# Present Simple Tense

Az egyszerű jelen idő

Form/ Ragozás
Imperatives/ Felszólító mód
Short answers/ Rövid udvarias válaszok
Spelling and Pronunciation/ Helyesírás és kiejtés
Be and Have
There is/are
Adverbs of frequency/ Gyakoriságot kifejező határozók

# **Form**

| Positive sentences |
|--------------------|
|--------------------|

|      | work          | every   |
|------|---------------|---------|
| You  |               | day.    |
| We   |               |         |
| They |               | from 9  |
| Не   | work <u>s</u> | to 5.   |
| She  |               |         |
| (lt) |               | in an   |
|      |               | office. |



She works in an office from 9 to 5, but she doesn't work at weekends. Where do *you* work?

| Negative         |      | Questions              |       |
|------------------|------|------------------------|-------|
| do <b>n't</b>    | work | do I<br>do you         | work? |
| do <b>es</b> n't |      | do <b>es</b><br>she/he |       |

# **Imperatives**

- Open the door, please.
- Close the window, please.
- Sit down, please.
- Have a nice day.
- See you tomorrow.
- Come on!
- Be careful.

- Don't say no, please.
- Don't leave me this way!
- Don't talk to me like that!
- Don't drink and drive.
- <u>Don't</u> turn your back on me!
- Don't touch me!

## Short answers

#### Yes/No questions

<u>Do</u> you like foreign languages?

<u>Do</u> you have friends abroad?

<u>Does</u> your best friend have a dog?

<u>Do</u> your family members spend time together?

Are you a football fan?

<u>Is</u> there an air-conditioner in your flat?

#### Yes,...

...l do.

...he/she does.

...they do.

...I am.

...there is.

#### No,...

...I don't.

...he/she doesn't.

...they don't.

...I'm not.

...there isn't.

Erdélyi Ágota, 2010

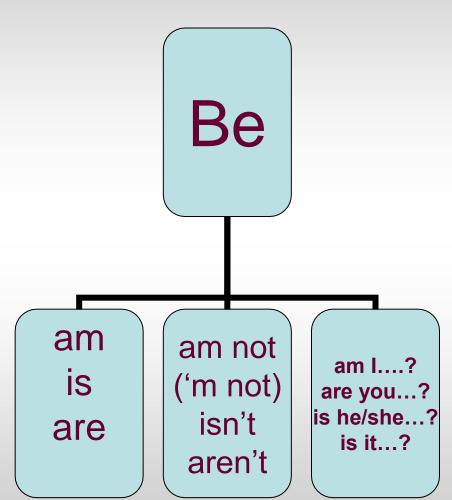
# Spelling of 3rd person singular forms

| Regular forms  | Irregular form  | ns  |
|--|---|---|
| get+s=gets<br>cook+s=cooks<br>read+s=reads<br>test+s=tests | teach+es= teaches finish+es= finishes kiss+es= kisses go+es= goes | carry+es= carries study+es= studies fly+es= flies |

## Pronunciation

| /-iz/   | /-z/            | /-s/  |
|---------|-----------------|-------|
|         |                 |       |
| watches | lives           | puts  |
| closes  | brings<br>plays | works |
| passes  | plays           | helps |
|         |                 |       |

## **Be and Have**



| Have                                    | Have got                               |
|---|--|
| (US, UK)                                | (UK)                                   |
| I have                                  | I've got                               |
| She has                                 | She's got                              |
| (a/an; some)                            | (a/an; some)                           |
| I don't have                            | I haven't got                          |
| She doesn't                             | She hasn't                             |
| have                                    | got                                    |
| (a/an; any)                             | (a/an; any)                            |
| Do you have? Does she have? (a/an; any) | Have you got? Has she got? (a/an; any) |

#### There is/are

- There is a/an...
- There are some/ a few...

"Van valami valahol"

"Nincs valami valahol" (nem konkrét, nem meghatározott)



There are some trees around the chapel.



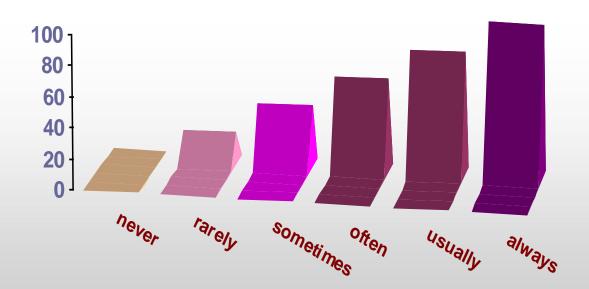
There's a house by the lake.



There aren't any trees here, and there isn't a lake either.

# **Adverbs of Frequency**

- I <u>never work</u> on Sunday. I'<u>m always</u> free.
- She <u>often works</u> on Saturday. She's <u>rarely</u> free.
- We <u>usually start</u> work at 9, and we'<u>re never</u> late.





#### 1 Street musicians



2 A brassband

#### Practice

# Compare and contrast the two pictures.

- What can you see?
- How many people/members are there?
- Where do they usually play?
- How much do they earn?
- Are they happy with their pay?
- How old are they?
- Are they amateurs or professionals?

### Possible solution

- In picture 1 there are two street musicians but in picture 2 there is a brassband. There are eight members in the band, men and women.
- Street musicians usually play in the street but the band play(s) in concert halls and theatres.
- Street musicians don't earn a lot of money, so they aren't happy with the pay, but the brass band members earn more, so they have better pay.
- The street musicians are really young, they are in their 20s, the brass band members are in their 30s or 40s, so they have families.
- The street musicians are amateurs, the brass band is professional.

# Memory game

| • | In picture 1 theretwo street musicians but in  |
|---|--|
|   | In picture 1 theretwo street musicians but in picture 2 therea brassband. Thereeight                                   |
|   | membersthe band, men and women.  |
| • | Street musiciansplay in the street but the band play(s) in concert halls and theatres.                                 |
| • | Street musiciansearn a lot of money, so theyhappy with the pay, but the brass band membersmore, so theybetter pay.     |
| • | The street musicians are really, they aretheir 20s, the brass band members are in their 30s or 40s,they have families. |
| • | The street musicians are amateurs, the brass band  |
|   | is   |

### Use

- Habits/ szokások (school, work, everyday routine)
- general truths/ általános igazságok (people, nations, nature)
- state verbs /állapotot kifejező igék: existence¹ (be); possession² (have); perception³ (see, hear); knowledge⁴ (think, know); emotions, intentions⁵ (like, love, hate, want)

A képek forrása: Internet Az illusztrációk forrása: Corel Draw



